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*e-mail: alemkrt@gmail.com*

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SRTM v. 4.1,  
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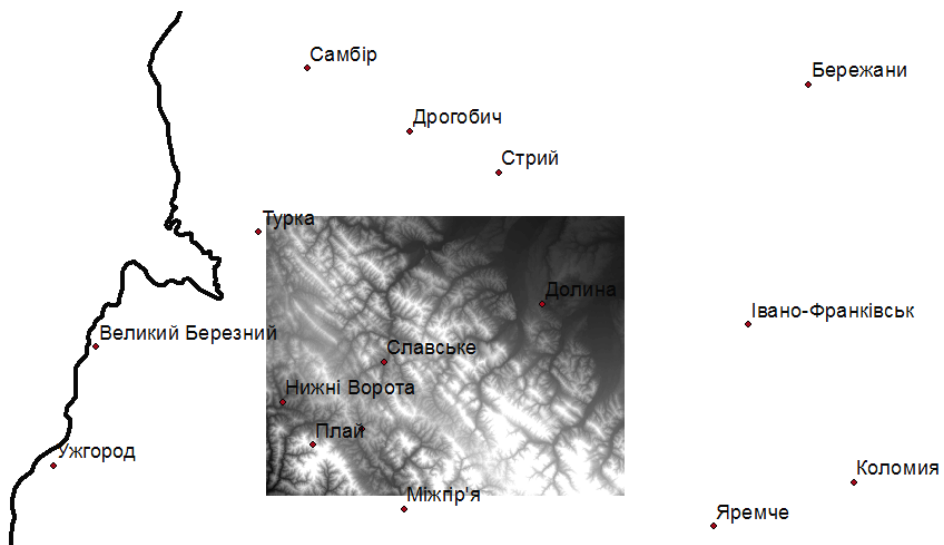
$$CTI = \ln(A_s / \tan \alpha), \quad A_s - \text{ ( } \dots \text{ )}; \quad \dots \quad [8].$$

(RUSLE):

$$LS = (m+1) [A_s/a_0]^m [\sin \alpha/b_0]^n,$$

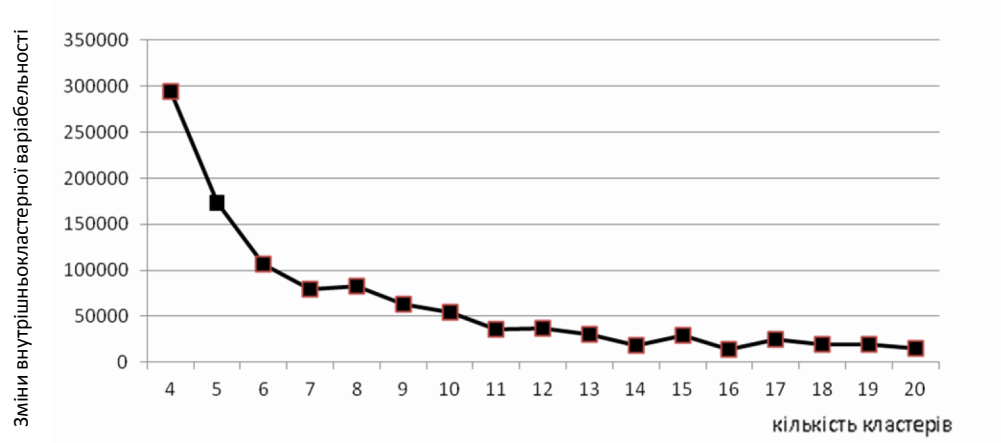
$A_s - \dots$ ;  $b_0 = 0,09 = \sin(5,16^\circ) - \dots$ ;  $a_0 = 22,1 - \dots$ ;  $m, n - \dots$  [7].

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(k = 8),

	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$
1	1387,65	763,22	10,40	0,88	1027285	3,06
2	609,8	1143,44	14,96	1,02	1086238	2,15
3	495,49	946,81	22,82	4,57	819400	2,33
4	701,29	889,32	18,36	4,45	1047543	2,62
5	1170,26	482,26	4,95	0,6	972745	4,26
6	618,31	383,58	1,06	0,09	975734	6,19
7	1150,42	765,17	13,98	1,46	908369	2,86
8	168,58	846,88	17,91	9,67	954746	2,76

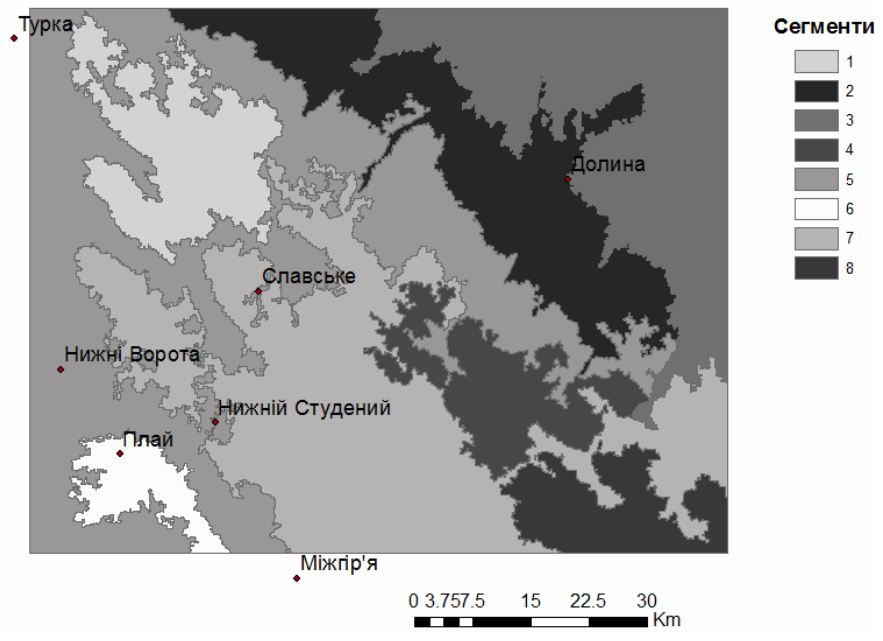
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15	0,792	0,883

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	300	250
8	0,136	0,127
15	0,143	0,137

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## AUTOMATIC LANDSCAPE-ECOLOGICAL REGIONALIZATION BY THE APPLICATION OF CLUSTERING AND SEGMENTATION

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The paper deals with the principles and methods of automatic landscape-ecological regionalization by the clusterization and segmentation methods. The employment of ecological morphometric indices as criteria for clusterization and segmentation has been justified. The method of the quantification of spatial dependencies between typological and regional spatial units based on information theory has been suggested.

*Key words:* regionalization, clusterization, segmentation.